

Cornyn RESULTS Amendment

- Focus on **Border Security, National Security, and Public Safety.**
- Requires the Secretary of Homeland Security and the Comptroller General to jointly certify that the following triggers have been achieved before RPIs can adjust to LPR (green card) status:
 1. **100% Situational Awareness** monitoring capability at every segment of Southern border
 2. **100% Operational Control** (defined as at least 90% apprehension rate) of every sector of Southern border.
 3. **Biometric Exit System** is fully-operational and in use at all air and sea ports of entry to which U.S. Customs and Border Protection is currently deployed, while retaining current law for land ports of entry.
 4. **Nationwide E-Verify System** has been implemented.
- Requires DHS to deploy newly-defined comprehensive border security metrics.
- Requires DHS to issue a Southern Border Security Strategy to achieve operational control of every sector of the Southern border, and 50% wait-time reduction at land ports of entry.
- Authorizes supplemental and emergency appropriations to improve border security, including \$1 billion per year over 6 years for port of entry infrastructure improvements and personnel.
- Allows DHS to enter into public-private partnerships; to reduce port of entry wait times.
- Increases the number of Border Patrol and Customs Officers by 10,000 over 5 years.
- Authorizes a new grant program to allow Southern border state and local law enforcement agencies to combat drug trafficking, human trafficking, human smuggling, and spillover violence.
- Allows USCIS to share critical information contained in legalization applications with federal law enforcement and national security agencies.
- Prohibits criminals convicted of serious misdemeanors, such as domestic violence, aggravated assault, child abuse, violation of a protection order, and drunk driving, from receiving legal status under the bill.
- Adds new authorities and tougher penalties to combat abusive human smuggling, human trafficking, and transnational criminal organizations, including:
 1. Adds human smuggling as a predicate act for the federal money laundering statute.
 2. Enhances forfeiture authorities for the proceeds and instrumentalities of human smuggling.
 3. Increases penalties for aggravated forms of human smuggling and human trafficking.
 4. Improves law enforcement tools to target transnational criminal organizations operating on the Southern border.